



## Licensing Sub-Committee

**Date:** Tuesday, 20 December 2022  
**Time:** 10.00 am  
**Venue:** Council Chamber, County Hall, Dorchester, DT1 1XJ

**Members (Quorum )**

Jon Andrews, Susan Cocking and Kate Wheller

**Chief Executive:** Matt Prosser, County Hall, Dorchester, Dorset DT1 1XJ

For more information about this agenda please contact Democratic Services Meeting Contact 01305 224202 [elaine.tibble@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk](mailto:elaine.tibble@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk)

Members of the public are welcome to attend this meeting, apart from any items listed in the exempt part of this agenda.

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### Agenda

Item		Pages
1.	<b>ELECTION OF CHAIRMAN AND STATEMENT FOR THE PROCEDURE OF THE MEETING</b>	3 - 6
	To elect a Chairman for the meeting and the Chairman to present and explain the procedure for the meeting.	
2.	<b>APOLOGIES</b>	
	To receive any apologies for absence.	
3.	<b>DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST</b>	
	To disclose any pecuniary, other registrable or non-registrable interests as set out in the adopted Code of Conduct. In making their disclosure councillors are asked to state the agenda item, the nature of the interest and any action they propose to take as part of their declaration. If required, further advice should be sought from the Monitoring Officer in advance of the meeting.	

**4. URGENT ITEMS**

To consider any items of business which the Chairman has had prior notification and considers to be urgent pursuant to section 100B (4) b) of the Local Government Act 1972. The reason for the urgency shall be recorded in the minutes.

**5. TEMPORARY EVENT NOTICE - CHIC BAR & CLUB**

7 - 50

A Temporary Event Notice has been served on the Council to extend the hours of Chic Bar and Club in Weymouth. The Notice has been considered by the Police and Environmental Protection. Both the Police and Environmental Protection have served Objection Notices. A Licensing Sub-Committee must consider the Notice and the Objection Notices at a public hearing.

**6. EXEMPT BUSINESS**

To move the exclusion of the press and the public for the following item in view of the likely disclosure of exempt information within the meaning of paragraph x of schedule 12 A to the Local Government Act 1972 (as amended).

The public and the press will be asked to leave the meeting whilst the item of business is considered.



## **THE LICENSING ACT 2003 (HEARINGS) REGULATIONS 2005**

### Rights of a Party

1. A party has the right to attend the hearing and may be represented by any person.
2. A party is entitled to give further information where the authority has asked for clarification.
3. A party can question another party, and/or address the authority, with consent of the authority.

### Failure to Attend

4. If the authority is informed a party does not wish to attend, the hearing may proceed in their absence.
5. If a party has not indicated their attendance and fails to attend the hearing may be adjourned if considered in the public interest, or hold the hearing ensuring the party's representation is considered.
6. Where the authority adjourns the hearing it shall notify the parties of the date, time and place.

### Procedural Information

7. At the start of the hearing, the authority shall explain the procedure which it proposes to follow and shall consider any request for permission for another person to appear at the hearing.
8. A hearing shall take the form of a discussion led by the authority and cross-examination shall not be permitted unless the authority considers that it is required.
9. The authority will allow the parties an equal maximum period of time in which to speak.
10. The authority may require any person behaving disruptively to leave, and may refuse that person to return, but such a person may, before the end of the hearing, submit in writing information they would have been entitled to give orally had they not been required to leave.

### **FOOTNOTE:**

In relation to all other matters governed by the Licensing Act 2003 (Hearings) Regulations 2005 any party or their representative may contact the Licensing Services at Dorset Council and they will be provided with a full copy of the regulations on request.

## LICENSING SUB-COMMITTEE PROCEDURE

1. At the start of the meeting the Chairman will introduce:
  - the members of the sub-committee
  - the council officers present
  - the parties and their representatives
2. The Chairman will then deal with any appropriate agenda items.
3. The Licensing Officer will be asked to outline the details of the application, including details of any withdrawn representations.
4. The applicant or their representative is then invited to present their case.
5. Committee members will be invited to ask questions.
6. Where appropriate the Responsible Bodies e.g. representatives of Police, Fire Services, Environmental Services or Trading Standards will be invited to address the sub-committee on any relevant representations they may have.
7. The Chairman may then allow an opportunity for questions.
8. The Chairman will ask any person who has made representations, who have already expressed a wish to do so, to address the sub-committee. The sub-committee will have read all the papers before them, including any letters of representation. Members of the public are asked to keep their comments concise and to the point.
9. All parties will be given the opportunity to “sum up” their case.
10. The Chairman will ask the Legal Advisor if all relevant points have been addressed before advising all parties present that the sub-committee will withdraw from the meeting to consider its decision in private. The sub-committee will be accompanied by the Democratic Services Officer and the Legal Advisor can be called upon to offer legal guidance.
11. The Chairman will:
  - advise when the sub-committee’s decision will be confirmed in writing.
  - Inform those present of their right to appeal to the Magistrates’ Court.

## **NOTE**

The Chairman may vary this procedure, as circumstances require but will have regard to the rules of natural justice and the Licensing Act 2003 (Hearings) Regulations 2005.

The meeting will take place in public. However, the public can be excluded from all or part of the meeting where the sub-committee considers that the public interest in so doing outweighs the public interest in the meeting or that part of the meeting, taking place in public.

Under no circumstances must the parties or their witnesses offer the sub-committee information in the absence of the other parties.

The Chairman and the Sub-Committee have discretion whether to allow new information or documents to be submitted and read at the meeting.

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## Licensing Sub-Committee

20 December 2022

## Temporary Event Notice – Chic Bar & Club

### For Decision

**Portfolio Holder:** Cllr L Beddow, Culture, Communities and Customer Services

**Local Councillor(s):** Cllr J Orrell

**Executive Director:** J Sellgren, Executive Director of Place

Report Author: Kathryn Miller  
Title: Licensing Team Leader  
Tel: 01305 252214  
Email: [kathryn.miller@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk](mailto:kathryn.miller@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk)

**Report Status:** Public

**Brief Summary:** A Temporary Event Notice has been served on the Council to extend the hours of Chic Bar and Club in Weymouth. The Notice has been considered by the Police and Environmental Protection. Both the Police and Environmental Protection have served Objection Notices. A Licensing Sub-Committee must consider the Notice and the Objection Notices at a public hearing.

**Recommendation:** The Sub-Committee considers the Temporary Event Notice in the light of the objection notices made by Environmental Protection and the Police and any oral evidence and resolves to take such steps as it considers appropriate and proportionate for the promotion of the licensing objectives of;

- a) The prevention of crime and disorder
- b) The prevention of public nuisance
- c) Public safety
- d) The protection of children from harm

**Reason for Recommendation:** The Sub-Committee must consider the oral representations and information given at the hearing before reaching a decision.

## **1. Details of the TEN**

- 1.1 A Temporary Event Notice (TEN) has been served on the Licensing Authority by Mr Parviz Panjalizadeh-Marseh for Chic Bar and Club at 3-5 Maiden Street, Weymouth.
- 1.2 The TEN covers a period from 0200 hours on Sunday 1 January 2023 until 04:00 hours on Sunday morning. The Notice covers the sale of alcohol, regulated entertainment and late night refreshment, and is for 440 attendees. The TEN is attached at Appendix 1.
- 1.3 Objection Notices have been correctly served by the Police and Environmental Protection within the statutory three working days consultation period. The Objection Notices are attached at Appendix 2.

## **2. History of the Premises**

- 2.1 The premises was formally known as Actors and had its licence revoked after a summary review that had been brought by the police in December 2021.
- 2.2 Mr Panjalizadeh-Marseh appealed that decision, and this was settled by way of a consent order on the 6 June that reduced the times on the license and added a suite of conditions to allow the premises to trade again. The current licence is attached at Appendix 3.
- 2.3 The premises re-opened for business on 28 July.

## **3. Considerations**

- 3.1 Paragraph 7.28 of the Section 182 Guidance sets how the Authority should decide what actions are appropriate.

If the licensing authority receives an objection notice from the police or EHA that is not withdrawn, it must (in the case of a standard TEN only) hold a hearing to consider the objection unless all parties agree that this is unnecessary. The licensing committee may decide to allow the licensable activities to go ahead as stated in the notice. If the notice is in connection with licensable activities at licensed premises, the licensing authority may also impose one or more of the existing licence conditions on the TEN (insofar as such conditions are not inconsistent with the event) if it considers that this is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives. If the authority decides to impose conditions, it must give notice to the premises user which includes a statement of conditions (a "notice (statement of conditions)") and provide a copy to each relevant party. Alternatively, it can decide that the event would undermine the



licensing objectives and should not take place. In this case, the licensing authority must give a counter notice.

3.2. The steps that the Sub-Committee may take are:

- a) Issue counter notices for the event which will not allow it to occur.
- b) Not to issue counter notices and allow the event as applied for.
- c) Attach one or more of the conditions of the premises licence.

#### **4. Financial Implications**

An applicant has the right to appeal the decision of the Licensing Sub Committee to the Magistrate's Court if the decision is to refuse the application.

#### **5. Climate Implications**

None

#### **6. Well-being and Health Implications**

None

#### **7. Other Implications**

None

#### **8. Risk Assessment**

HAVING CONSIDERED: the risks associated with this decision; the level of risk has been identified as:

Current Risk: High

Residual Risk: High

#### **9. Equalities Impact Assessment**

Not applicable

#### **10. Appendices**

Appendix 1 – Temporary Event Notice

Appendix 2 – Objection Notices

Appendix 3 – Current premises licence

#### **11. Background Papers**

[Licensing Act 2003](#)

[Home Office Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003](#)

[Dorset Council Statement of Licensing Policy 2021](#)

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## Temporary Event Notice

Before completing this notice, please read the guidance notes at the end of the notice. If you are completing this notice by hand, please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases, ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink or typed. Use additional sheets if necessary. You should keep a copy of the completed notice for your records. You must send at least one copy of this notice to the licensing authority and additional copies must be sent to the chief officer of police and the local authority exercising environmental health functions for the area in which the premises are situated. The licensing authority will give to you written acknowledgement of the receipt of the notice.

I, the proposed premises user, hereby give notice under section 100 of the Licensing Act 2003 of my proposal to carry on a temporary activity at the premises described below.

<b>1. The personal details of premises user (Please read note 1)</b>			
1. Your name			
Title	Mr		
Surname	Panjalizadeh-Marseh		
Fornames	Parviz		
2. Previous names (Please enter details of any previous names or maiden names, if applicable. Please continue on a separate sheet if necessary)			
Title			
Surname			
Forenames			
3. Your date of birth	██████████		
4. Your place of birth	████		
5. National Insurance Number	██████████		
6. Your current address (We will use this address to correspond with you unless you complete the separate correspondence box below)			
██████████			
Post town	██████████	Postcode	██████████
7. Other contact details			
Telephone numbers			
Daytime	██████████		

Evening (optional)	
Mobile (optional)	██████████
Fax number (optional)	
E-Mail address (if available)	████████████████████
8. Alternative address for correspondence (If you complete the details below, we will use this address to correspond with you)	
████████████████████	
Post town	██████████
Postcode	██████████
9. Alternative contact details (if applicable)	
Telephone numbers:	
Daytime	██████████
Evening (optional)	
Mobile (optional)	██████████
Fax number (optional)	
E-Mail address (if available)	████████████████████

<b>2. The premises</b>	
Please give the address of the premises where you intend to carry on the licensable activities or, if it has no address, give a detailed description (including the Ordnance Survey references) (Please read note 2)	
chic bar and club 3-5 maiden street weymouth DT4 8BB	
Does a premises licence or club premises certificate have effect in relation to the premises (or any part of the premises)? If so, please enter the licence or certificate number below.	
Premises licence number	WPPL0233
Club premises certificate number	WPPL0233

If you intend to use only part of the premises at this address or intend to restrict the area to which this notice applies, please give a description and details below. (Please read note 3)

ground floor and first floor

Please describe the nature of the premises below. (Please read note 4)

bar and club

Please describe the nature of the event below. (Please read note 5)

sale of alcohol and music entertainment

### 3. The licensable activities

Please state the licensable activities that you intend to carry on at the premises (please tick all licensable activities you intend to carry on). (Please read note 6)

The sale by retail of alcohol	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
The supply of alcohol by or on behalf of a club to, or to the order of, a member of the club	<input type="checkbox"/>
The provision of regulated entertainment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
The provision of late night refreshment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Are you giving a late temporary event notice? (Please read note 7)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Please state the dates on which you intend to use these premises for licensable activities. (Please read note 8)

Event Starts 01/01/2023

Event Ends 01/01/2023

Please state the times during the event period that you propose to carry on licensable activities (please give times in 24 hour clock). (Please read note 9):

Sun 01 January 2023 02:00 - 04:00

Please state the maximum number of people at any one time that you intend to allow to be present at the premises during the times when you intend to carry on licensable activities, including any staff, organisers or performers. (Please read note 10)

440

If the licensable activities will include the supply of alcohol, please state whether the supplies will be for consumption on or off the premises, or both (please tick as appropriate). (Please read note 11)

On the premises only	<input type="checkbox"/>
Off the premises only	<input type="checkbox"/>
Both	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Please state if the licensable activities will include the provision of relevant entertainment. If so, please state the times during the event period that you propose to provide relevant entertainment.

2am to 4am

**4. Personal licence holders (Please read note 12)**

Do you currently hold a valid personal licence? (Please tick)  Yes  No

If "Yes" please provide the details of your personal licence below.

Issuing licensing authority	Dorset
Licence number	
Date of issue	
Date of expiry	
Any further relevant details	

**5. Previous temporary event notices you have given (Please read note 13 and tick the boxes that apply to you)**

Have you previously given a temporary event notice in respect of any premises for events falling in the same calendar year as the event for which you are now giving this temporary event notice?  Yes  No

If answering yes, please state the total number of temporary event notices (including the number of late temporary event notices, if any) your associate(s) have given for events in the same calendar year. 1

Has any associate of yours already given a temporary event notice for the same premises in which the event period:  
a) ends 24 hours or less before; or  
b) begins 24 hours or less after  
the event period proposed in this notice?  Yes  No

**6. Associates and business colleagues (Please read note 14 and tick the boxes that apply to you)**

Has any person with whom you are in business carrying on licensable activities given a temporary event notice for an event in the same calendar year as the event for which you are now giving a temporary event notice?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
If answering yes, please state the total number of temporary event notices (including the number of late temporary event notices, if any) your associate(s) have given for events in the same calendar year.	
Has any associate of yours already given a temporary event notice for the same premises in which the event period: a) ends 24 hours or less before; or b) begins 24 hours or less after the event period proposed in this notice?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Has any person with whom you are in business carrying on licensable activities given a temporary event notice for an event in the same calendar year as the event for which you are now giving a temporary event notice?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
If answering yes, please state the total number of temporary event notices (including the number of late temporary event notices, if any) your business colleague(s) have given for events in the same calendar year.	
Has any person with whom you are in business carrying on licensable activities already given a temporary event notice for the same premises in which the event period: a) ends 24 hours or less before; or b) begins 24 hours or less after the event period proposed in this notice?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

<b>7. Checklist (Please read note 15)</b>	
I have: (Please tick the appropriate boxes)	
Sent at least one copy of this notice to the licensing authority for the area in which the premises are situated	<input type="checkbox"/>
Sent a copy of this notice to the chief officer of police for the area in which the premises are situated	<input type="checkbox"/>
Sent a copy of this notice to the local authority exercising environmental health functions for the area in which the premises are situated	<input type="checkbox"/>
If the premises are situated in one or more licensing authority areas, sent at least one copy of this notice to each additional licensing authority	<input type="checkbox"/>
If the premises are situated in one or more police areas, sent a copy of this notice to each additional chief officer of police	<input type="checkbox"/>
If the premises are situated in one or more local authority areas, sent a copy of this notice to each additional local authority exercising environmental health functions	<input type="checkbox"/>
Made or enclosed payment of the fee for the application	<input type="checkbox"/>
Signed the declaration in Section 9 below	<input type="checkbox"/>

<b>8. Condition (Please read note 16)</b>
It is a condition of this temporary event notice that where the relevant licensable activities described in Section 3 above include the supply of alcohol that all such supplies are made by or under the authority of the premises user.

**9. Declarations (Please read note 17)**

The information contained in this form is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

I understand that it is an offence:

- (i) to knowingly or recklessly make a false statement in or in connection with this temporary event notice and that a person is liable on summary conviction for such an offence to a fine of any amount; and
- (ii) to permit an unauthorised licensable activity to be carried on at any place and that a person is liable on summary conviction for any such offence to a fine of any amount, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both.

Signature	
Date	
Name of Person signing	

For completion by the licensing authority

**10. Acknowledgement (Please read note 18)**

I acknowledge receipt of this temporary event notice.

Signature	
Date	
Name of Officer signing	

**NOTES****General**

In these notes, a person who gives a temporary event notice is called a “premises user”.

The police and local authority exercising environmental health functions may intervene on the grounds of any of the four licensing objectives (the prevention of crime and disorder, public safety, the prevention of public nuisance, and the protection of children from harm) to prevent the occurrence of an event at which permitted temporary activities are to take place or to agree a modification of the arrangements for such an event. However, the licensing authority will intervene of its own volition in the cases described below.

First, it will issue a counter notice if there is an objection to a late temporary event notice (see note 7 below).

Secondly, it may issue a notice in relation to its decision to impose conditions on a temporary event notice (see note 2 below).

Thirdly, it will issue a counter notice if the first, second, third and fifth of the limits set out below would be exceeded. If any of the limits below are breached or if a counter notice has been issued, any licensable activities taking place would be unauthorised and the premises user would be liable to prosecution. The limitations apply to:

- the number of times a person may give a temporary event notice (50 times per year for a personal licence holder and 5 times per year for other people);



- the number of times a person may give a late temporary event notice (10 times per year for a personal licence holder and 2 times per year for other people);
- the number of times a temporary event notice may be given in respect of any particular premises (12 times in a calendar year);
- the length of time a temporary event may last for these purposes (168 hours or 7 days);
- the maximum aggregate duration of the periods covered by temporary event notices at any individual premises (21 days per calendar year); and
- the scale of the event in terms of the maximum number of people attending at any one time (a maximum of 499).

For the purposes of determining the overall limits of 50 temporary event notices per personal licence holder (in a calendar year) and of 5 for a non-personal licence holder (in a calendar year), temporary event notices given by an associate or a person who is in business with a premises user (and that business involves carrying on licensable activities) count towards those totals. The limits applying to late temporary event notices are included within the overall limits applying to the total number of temporary event notices. Note 14 below sets out the definition of an “associate”.

When permitted temporary activities take place, a premises user must ensure that either:

- a copy of the temporary event notice is prominently displayed at the premises; or
- the temporary event notice is kept at the premises either in his own custody or in the custody of a person present and working at the premises and whom he has nominated for that purpose.

Where the temporary event notice is in the custody of a nominated person, a notice specifying that fact and the position held by that person must be displayed prominently at the premises.

Where the temporary event notice or a notice specifying the nominated person is not displayed, a constable or an authorised person (for example, a licensing officer, fire officer or environmental health officer) may require the premises user to produce the temporary event notice for examination. Similarly, where the nominated person has the temporary event notice in his custody, a constable or authorised person may require that person to produce it for examination. Failure to produce the temporary event notice without reasonable excuse would be an offence.

It should also be noted that the following, among other things, are offences under the Licensing Act 2003:

- the sale or supply of alcohol to children under 18 years of age (maximum fine on conviction is a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale, currently £5,000);
- allowing the sale of alcohol to children under 18 (maximum fine on conviction is a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale, currently £5,000);
- knowingly allowing the consumption of alcohol on the premises by a person aged under 18 (maximum fine on conviction is a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale, currently £5,000);
- allowing disorderly behaviour on the premises (maximum fine on conviction is a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale, currently £1,000);
- the sale of alcohol to a person who is drunk (maximum fine on conviction is a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale, currently £1,000);
- obtaining alcohol for a person who is drunk (maximum fine on conviction is a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale, currently £1,000);

the standard scale, currently £1,000);

- knowingly allowing a person aged under 18 to make any sale or supply of alcohol unless the sale or supply has been specifically approved by the premises user or any individual aged 18 or over who has been authorised for this purpose by the premises user (maximum fine on conviction is a fine not exceeding level 1 on the standard scale, currently £200); and
- knowingly keeping or allowing to be kept on the premises any smuggled goods which have been imported without payment of duty or which have otherwise been unlawfully imported (maximum fine on conviction is a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale, currently £1,000).

In addition, where the premises are to be used primarily or exclusively for the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises, it is an offence to allow children under 16 to be present when the premises are open for that purpose unless they are accompanied by an adult. In the case of any premises at which sales or supplies of alcohol are taking place at all, it is an offence for a child under 16 to be present there between the hours of midnight and 5am unless accompanied by an adult. In both instances, the penalty on conviction is a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale, currently £1,000.

#### Note 1

A temporary event notice may only be given by an individual and not, for example, by an organisation or club or business. The individual giving the notice is the proposed “premises user”. Within businesses, clubs or organisations, one individual will therefore need to be identified as the proposed premises user.

If you include an e-mail address in section 1(7) or 1(9), the licensing authority may send to this the acknowledgement of receipt of your notice or any notice or counter notice it is required to give under sections 104A, 106A or 107 of the Licensing Act 2003.

#### Note 2

For the purposes of the Licensing Act 2003, “premises” means any place. Premises will therefore not always be a building with a formal address and postcode. Premises can include, for example, public parks, recreation grounds and private land.

If a premises licence or club premises certificate has effect in relation to the premises (or any part of the premises) which you want to use to carry on licensable activities, it is possible that any conditions which apply to the licence or certificate may be imposed on the temporary event notice if certain pre-conditions are met. These pre-conditions are that the police or the local authority exercising environmental health functions object to the notice and the licensing authority decides:

- not to give a counter notice under section 105 of the Licensing Act 2003;
- the conditions apply to the licence or certificate; and
- the imposition of the conditions on the notice would not be inconsistent with the carrying on of the licensable activities under the notice.

#### Note 3

A temporary event notice can be given for part of a building, such as a single room or a plot within a larger area of land. You should provide a clear description of the area in which you propose to carry on licensable activities. This is important as any licensable activities conducted outside the area of the premises protected by the authority of this temporary event notice would be unlawful and could lead to prosecution.

In addition, when holding the proposed event, the premises user would need to be able to restrict the number of people on the premises at any one time when licensable activities are taking place to less than 500. If more than 499 are on the premises when licensable activities are being carried on, the licensable activities would be unlawful and the premises user would be liable to prosecution. The maximum figure of 499 includes, for example, staff, organisers, stewards and performers.

#### Note 4

A description of the nature of the premises assists the chief officer of police and local authority exercising environmental health functions in deciding if any issues relating to the licensing objectives are likely to arise. You should state clearly that the premises to be used are, for example, a public house, a restaurant, an open field, a village hall or a beer tent.

#### Note 5

A description of the nature of the event similarly assists the chief officer of police and local authority exercising environmental health functions in making a decision as to whether or not to make an objection. You should state clearly that the event taking place at the premises would be, for example, a wedding with a pay bar, the supply of beer at a particular farmers' market, a discotheque, the performance of a string quartet, a folk group or a rock band.

#### Note 6

The licensable activities are:

- the sale by retail of alcohol;
- the supply of alcohol by or on behalf of a club to, or to the order of, a member of a club;
- the provision of regulated entertainment; and
- the provision of late night refreshment.

Please refer to Schedules 1 and 2 to the Licensing Act 2003 for fuller details of the definitions and exemptions relating to regulated entertainment and late night refreshment.

Regulated entertainment, subject to specified conditions and exemptions, includes:

- (a) a performance of a play;
- (b) an exhibition of a film;
- (c) an indoor sporting event;
- (d) a boxing or wrestling entertainment;
- (e) a performance of live music;
- (f) any playing of recorded music;
- (g) a performance of dance; and
- (h) entertainment of a similar description to that falling within (e), (f) or (g).

If you are uncertain whether or not the activities that you propose are licensable, you should contact your licensing authority for further advice.

#### Note 7

Late notices can be given no later than 5 working days but no earlier than 9 working days before the event in relation to which the notice is given. A late notice given later than 5 working days before the event to which it relates will be returned as void and the activities described in it will not be authorised.

The number of late notices that can be given in any one calendar year is limited to 10 for personal licence holders and 2 for non-personal licence holders. These count towards the total number of temporary event notices (i.e. 50 temporary event notices per year for personal licence holders and 5 temporary event notices for non-personal licence holders).

If there is an objection from either the police or local authority exercising environmental health functions, the event will not go ahead and a counter notice will be issued.

#### Note 8

The maximum period for using premises for licensable activities under the authority of a temporary event notice is 168 hours or seven days.

#### Note 9

You should state here the times during the event period, for example 48 hours, when you intend to carry on licensable activities. For example, you may not intend to carry on licensable activities throughout the entire 48 hour event period, and may intend to sell alcohol between 8.00 hrs and 23.00 hrs on each of the two days.

#### Note 10

No more than 499 may be on the premises for a temporary event at any one time when licensable activities are being carried on. If you intend to have more than 499 attending the event, you should obtain a premises licence for the event. Your licensing authority should be able to advise you. The maximum figure of 499 includes not only the audience, spectators or consumers but also, for example, staff, organisers, stewards and performers who will be present on the premises.

#### Note 11

If you indicate that alcohol will be supplied only for consumption on the premises, you would be required to ensure that no person leaves the premises with alcohol supplied there. If such a supply takes place, the premises user may be liable to prosecution for carrying on an unauthorised licensable activity. Similarly, if the premises user gives notice that only supplies of alcohol for consumption off the premises will take place, he/she must ensure that alcohol supplied is not consumed on the premises. The premises user is free to give notice that he/she intends to carry on both types of supplies. For this purpose, the supply of alcohol includes both of the first two licensable activities listed in note 6 above.

#### Note 12

The holder of a valid personal licence issued under the Licensing Act 2003 may give up to 50 temporary event notices in any calendar year subject to the other limitations in the 2003 Act. A proposed premises user who holds such a licence should give the details requested.

#### Note 13

As stated under Note 12, a personal licence holder (issued under the Licensing Act 2003) may give up to 50 temporary event notices (including 10 late notices) in any calendar year. An individual who does not hold a personal licence may only give 5 temporary event notices (including 2 late notices) in England and Wales in any calendar year. A calendar year is the period between 1st January to 31st December inclusive in any year.

If an event straddles two calendar years, it will count against the limits on temporary event notices (12 for each premises, 21 days for each premises, 50 per personal licence holder and 5 for non-holders) for each year. However, only one notice needs to be given.

For the purposes of determining the overall limits of 50 temporary event notices per personal licence holder (in a calendar year) and of 5 for a non-personal licence holder (in a calendar year), temporary event notices given by an associate or a person who is in business with a premises user (and that business involves carrying on licensable activities) count towards those totals. Note 14 below sets out the definition of an “associate”.

If a temporary event notice has been given for the same premises, by the same premises user, and would have effect within 24 hours before the start of the event period under the current proposal or within 24 hours after the end of that period, the temporary event notice given would be void and any licensable activities carried on under it would therefore be unlicensed.

For the purposes of determining whether or not the required gap of 24 hours is upheld, temporary event notices given by an associate or a person who is in business with a premises user (and that business involves carrying on licensable activities) count as if they had been given by the premises user. Note 14 below sets out the definition of an “associate”.

#### Note 14

An “associate” of the proposed premises user is:

- a. the spouse or civil partner of that person;
- b. a child, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother or sister of that person;
- c. an agent or employee of that person; or

d. the spouse or civil partner of a person within (b) or (c).

For these purposes, a person living with another as that person's husband or wife is to be treated as that person's spouse.

Note 15

It is a requirement that you send at least one copy of this notice to the licensing authority at least ten working days (or five working days for a late notice) before the commencement of the proposed licensable activities. The authority will give you written acknowledgement of the receipt of the notice. This will be important proof that you gave the notice and when you gave it for the purposes of the Act. Some premises may be situated in two licensing authority areas, for example, where a building or field straddles the local authority boundary. Where this is the case, at least one copy of the notice must be sent to each of the licensing authorities identified, together with the appropriate fee in each case. In such circumstances, you will receive acknowledgements from all the relevant licensing authorities.

One copy must be sent to each of the chief officer of police and the local authority exercising environmental health functions for the area in which the premises is situated at least ten working days for a standard notice (or five working days for a late notice) before the commencement of the proposed licensable activities. Where the premises are situated in two police areas or environmental health areas, a further copy will need to be sent to the further police force and local authority exercising environmental health functions.

Note 16

Under the Licensing Act 2003, all temporary event notices are given subject to a mandatory condition requiring that where the licensable activities involve the supply of alcohol, all such supplies must be made by or under the authority of the named premises user. If there is a breach of this condition, the premises user and the individual making the supply in question would be liable to prosecution. For this purpose, the supply of alcohol includes both of the first two licensable activities listed in note 6 above.

Note 17

It is an offence knowingly or recklessly to make a false statement in, or in connection with, a temporary event notice. (A person is to be treated as making a false statement if he produces, furnishes, signs or otherwise makes use of a document that contains a false statement.) To do so could result in prosecution and a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.

Note 18

You should not complete section 10 of the notice, which is for use by the licensing authority. It may complete this section as one means of giving you written acknowledgement of its receipt of the notice.

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## **Notification of Determination**

### **Summary Review Hearing**

**12 January 2022**

**Applicant(s):** Dorset Police

**Premises:** Actors, 3 – 7 Maiden Street Weymouth Dorset.

**Sub Committee members:** Cllrs E Parker (Chairman), J Andrews and L Fry

#### **Decision**

The Sub-Committee decided that the premises licence for Actors should be revoked. In addition, the Sub-Committee decided that the Interim Step of suspending the Premises Licence should remain in place pending any appeal to the Magistrates' Court and determination of that appeal.

#### **Reasons for the Decision:**

The Sub-Committee was addressed by the Licensing Team Leader who outlined the reason for the hearing and the options available to the Sub-Committee.

The Sub-Committee heard from Sergeant Gosling and Kirsty Gatehouse (Dorset Police Alcohol Licensing Officer) on behalf of the applicant, Dorset Police. Sergeant Gosling referred to the video submissions showing criminal activity relating to drug supply taking place near to the doorway to the Premises and in the immediate area. He said that the door staff from the Premises appeared to ignore the criminal activity and did not undertake searches, check ID and so on. He made reference to the undercover Police operation which was instigated as a result of the prevalence of drink spiking in the county, but which uncovered a serious problem with the supply of drugs associated with the Premises. He stated that a culture of drug use and excessive alcohol consumption had been allowed to take hold at the Premises.

Kirsty Gatehouse explained the findings set out in the submitted heat maps covering the general Weymouth Town Centre area. She stated that the darker red areas represented the highest number of reported matters. It was stated that for the first map shown there were 67 instances relating to the Premises alone, and only 12 instances relating to St Thomas Street as a whole and 21 instances for St Mary's Street as a whole. It was clear that the Premises had more associated reports than

the two entire streets in Weymouth. For the second map there were 36 instances associated with the Premises and the highest number for any other venue was 12. The heat maps covering the period when the Premises were closed, following the interim step of suspending the licence, showed no incidents relating to that area.

Sergeant Gosling stated that Dorset Police always wanted to work with licence holders to resolve issues, as they recognised the value of the late-night economy to the town. In this case a significant amount of work had been undertaken by himself and other officers to provide advice, including meeting with the Designated Premises Supervisor (DPS) on a number of occasions. Sergeant Gosling recognised that Mr Marseh had a long history of working in the industry and that he had taken some steps to try to address the issues brought to his attention, however the steps taken were inadequate and had not led to significant improvements in the promotion of the licensing objectives.

Seeking a summary review was an unusual step for the Police to take given that the issues had to relate to serious crime and disorder, but in this case Sergeant Gosling felt that the facts fully justified the action. It was clear to him that the criminal activity has not just started when the undercover operation took place. It was blatant and established to such an extent that it must have been going on for some time. It was his view that even with the new conditions suggested and the change of a number of managerial staff at the Premises, it was highly unlikely that the situation would change. The various policies which had been put forward by Mr Marseh had already been in place for some time and it was clear that they had not been implemented effectively. Given the serious problems experienced at the Premises it would be extremely difficult to change the culture and whilst one proposed new manager had some experience, the other had no experience of running a venue of this size and nature. Sergeant Gosling expressed his concern that if the licence was not revoked the Premises would soon demonstrate the same problems and again take up a disproportionate amount of Police resources. He was very concerned that should the Premises be permitted to retain their licence, that there was potential for a serious assault or worse to take place. He stated that the other options available to the Sub-Committee would not be appropriate in this case and asked the Sub-Committee to revoke the licence and to extend the interim step of suspension.

The Sub-Committee heard from John Newcombe the Service Manager for Licensing and Community Safety for Dorset Council. Mr Newcombe stated that the Licensing Authority as a Responsible Authority supported the application by Dorset Police and referred to the contents of the letter he had submitted. The Premises were within the sensitive Cumulative Impact Zone in Weymouth and Licensing Officers within the Council had taken steps over time, alongside Dorset Police, to provide the DPS with advice to ensure compliance with the licensing objectives. Mr Newcombe stated that despite this assistance the issues had continued. He acknowledged that the Premises had been awarded a 'Best Bar None' gold award five years ago, but things had spiralled out of control after that. He had viewed the video evidence and there appeared to be obvious drug dealing, the door staff did not check ID or refuse entry to people who had already had too much to drink. Whilst the door staff had contributed to the problems, the issues also related to the poor management of the Premises. He referred to the large number of ambulance call outs in the area, although he accepted that not every matter related to the Premises.



The Responsible Authority did not have confidence that the new conditions and other changes put forward by the DPS would be effectively implemented to promote the licensing objectives, given that the existing policies etc had not been effective. Mr Newcombe felt that there wouldn't be a new management team because Mr Marseh would still be there, and one new manager was a previous employee and the other had very limited experience. He felt that unless the licence was revoked the same problems would recur. Mr Newcombe fully supported the request by the Police for the Premises Licence to be revoked, as the most appropriate and proportionate step for the Sub-Committee to take.

The Sub-Committee was addressed by Mr Marseh's Barrister, Mr Stuart Jessop. Mr Jessop stated that his client was appalled and disgusted to see the evidence of events that had taken place in his club. He felt let down by his staff and the security company which supplied the door staff, but he knew he was also responsible. Mr Jessop stated that Mr Marseh was committed to making sure that there was no repeat of these events and he asked the Sub-Committee to take Mr Marseh's successful track record into account, together with the fact that Mr Marseh had been very unwell and absent from the Premises for a period of time. His client proposed to employ a new management team and he had already parted ways with the company which had provided security services for the Premises.

Mr Jessop asked the Sub-Committee to consider the immediate past, from 17 May 2021 to 15 December 2021, and break that down further into periods when Mr Marseh had not been ill and was able to engage with the Police and action suggested changes. Mr Jessop stated that initially, whilst things could not be described as good, the circumstances were clearly not so bad that the Police felt it necessary to seek a review of the licence. He acknowledged that matters had become much worse by November 2021 when Mr Marseh was unwell and away from the Premises. His client had considered that things were going reasonably well before he became ill and considered that he was leaving the Premises in safe hands.

Mr Jessop referred to the past record of the club, and that from 2014 to 2020 it had a good track record with no problems or reviews. The Premises had even received a gold 'Best Bar None' award for 2016/17. Mr Marseh himself had 26 years' experience in the trade and he had successfully run other similar bars with large capacities. All of this past evidence could not be ignored.

Mr Jessop stated that the Police had not been able to clearly explain why the changes proposed would not promote the licensing objectives. Mr Jessop accepted that the club needed the right management as well as the right conditions, but Mr Marseh had offered to implement a large number of new conditions and was willing to consider any further conditions which the Police wanted to suggest. He was also proposing to employ two new managers. Whilst one did not have much experience of running a club, she had good people skills to manage staff and the second manager did have licensing experience and had worked for Mr Marseh when the club was operating well. The new security company would refuse entry to people who were intoxicated and have much better control over what happened at the Premises.

Mr Jessop emphasized that the question to be asked was whether the Premises Licence Holder and the new management team would promote the licensing objectives going forward. The Sub-Committee should consider the evidence and give it the appropriate weight.

Mr Marseh emphasised how he felt that others had let him down. He'd had a meeting in the summer with the security company to require them to improve their services, but whilst it did improve for a short period it went downhill again. The Premises were busy in the summer, but he tried to put measures in place. He said that when the Premises first opened in May it was table service only and he was uncertain whether customers would come. They were surprised when the demand was very high, and they therefore had issues with queues due to the requirement to be seated. He explained that the Premises were in a sensitive location with people passing by to go to the seafront or into town or vice versa, so people met others going past the Premises. This had caused issues in the past with queues which they had addressed with barriers, but this had not worked that well.

Mr Marseh stated that the problems had really occurred when he had been ill and unable to be at the Premises himself. He had intended to close the Premises in November when it would be less busy and install new CCTV equipment, but he fell ill at this time. He referred to the figures for incidents in the area of the Premises and said that some of the incidents recorded were nothing to do with the Premises and gave a false impression of incidents connected to the Premises.

Mr Marseh said he wanted the club to be a success and intended to advertise for staff with higher than average wages to attract more experienced staff. He wanted to create a safe environment and to change the culture at the club to attract a different set of customers. He stated that he intended to rename the Premises and was planning to offer a more 'old school club' with comedians and cabaret. He had thought about putting an age limit on entry to the club but had decided against that. He also planned to work in conjunction with a local taxi firm to help people leave the area safely.

He stated that he had been the vice chairman of the Pub Watch group for a period and had attended virtually all the meetings.

Philippa Holt added that whilst she had limited experience of this type of work she had applied for a Personal Licence and would be working with another manager with relevant experience and knowledge of Weymouth. She felt that her people skills would be of great benefit in changing the culture of the Premises.

The Sub-committee was grateful for the time and effort of all the parties in submitting their evidence. The Sub-Committee carefully considered the documents presented to them and the oral representations made by all parties at the hearing. They had regard to the Licensing Objectives, the Licensing Act 2003 provisions, the Section 182 Statutory Guidance and the Dorset Council Statement of Licensing Policy 2021. The Sub-Committee determined that the most appropriate and proportionate step to take to address the issues at the Premises and to promote the licensing objectives, was to revoke the Premises Licence and to extend the application of the Interim Step

of suspending the Premises Licence until such time as an appeal is made or dealt with.

The Sub-Committee recognised that this was a serious step to take and did not take this decision lightly. However, the evidence submitted to them by the Police demonstrated, in their view, a persistent disregard for the licensing objectives, particularly the objective of the prevention of crime and disorder. A situation had been allowed to persist where it appeared that little or no action would be taken at the Premises to address issues relating to drugs. There appeared to be a culture at the premises where drug dealing was condoned, and little was done to promote the licensing objectives. This was a wholly unacceptable situation, and the Sub-Committee was not convinced that the imposition of further conditions on the Premises Licence, or any other option available to them short of revocation, would be successful in addressing the issues. It appeared that some of the proposed policies had been in place for a while already, but they had clearly not been effective. The Sub-Committee considered that it was likely that the unacceptable culture had been going at the Premises for some time, given that the supply of drugs appeared to be blatant and entrenched. As a result, it would be extremely difficult to rid the Premises of that culture even with new management and security staff.

The Sub-Committee takes the sale/distribution of drugs in connection with a licenced premise extremely seriously. The summary review process is reserved for instances of serious crime and disorder and the Sub-Committee was shocked to see and hear the nature of the evidence submitted in this respect. The Sub-Committee recognised that the problems with this Premises were resulting in a disproportionate amount of Police time being taken up when compared with other venues in the area.

The Sub-Committee accepted the statement made by the DPS that he had been unwell at various times and out of the country for a short period, but it did appear that the Premises Licence holder had failed to take any steps to take account of this absence. This was particularly concerning when it was clear that the Premises was already struggling to comply with the licensing objectives.

The Sub-Committee accepted that Dorset Police and Licensing Officers from the Council had made strenuous efforts to provide advice and guidance to help turn the Premises around, but that despite this assistance the situation had not been resolved. The Sub-Committee noted that both Responsible Authorities were asking for the Premises Licence to be revoked.

### **Right of Appeal:**

Any party who wishes to appeal the decision has 21 days from the date of receipt of this notice to submit an appeal to Weymouth Magistrates Court, Westwey Road, Weymouth, DT4 8BS.

Councillor E Parker

Date 12 January 2022

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## Licensing

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**From:** Jane Williams  
**Sent:** 14 December 2022 10:27  
**To:** Licensing  
**Cc:** parviz [REDACTED] licencing [REDACTED] police [REDACTED]  
**Subject:** Report for Sub Committee hearing - Chic Bar and Club, Maiden Street, Weymouth

**Categories:** Kathryn

Dear Licencing and Mr Parviz

For reasons of clarity I confirm that I am objecting to the above TENs under the objective of the Prevention of Public Nuisance under the Licensing Act 2003.

I request the following conditions taken from the premises licence of Chic following a committee in December 2022 be attached to the TEN for extended hours from 02.00hrs to 04.30hrs on the 1<sup>st</sup> January 2023 be considered as an attachment.

### Prevention of Public Nuisance

#### 19. Doors and Windows

- 19.1. Each external door opening from the area covered by the Licence to the outside must be kept closed whilst music or any amplified sound is being played. If the external doors are required for the entrance or exit of clients, there must be a lobby to prevent breakout of noise with a door to the outside. At all times shall both the external and internal doors be open at the same time. No measures whatsoever, whether by pinning or otherwise, shall be taken to keep either set of doors open.
- 19.2. All windows to the area where music is to be played must be acoustically doubled glazed and any opening lights must be acoustically sealed. No amplified sound is being played.

#### 20. Noise Limiter

- 20.1. The holder of the premises licence will ensure that the sound system installed on the premises is governed by a tamper-proof limiter. The limiter must be agreed between a qualified acoustic engineer instructed by the licence holder, and who is acceptable to the licensing Health Officer and that the level of sound can only be adjusted by agreement between the licence holder and the acoustic engineer.
- 20.2. The noise limiting device installed must control the power circuits used by both live musicians and also by any recorded music played.

The emphasis is on the use of the noise limiter to control the volume of amplified music and speech to prevent excessive levels from occurring.

I would also suggest consideration by the management to have a quieter hour before close as a cool down period to assist with controlling noise from patrons leaving the premises. I recognise that this may not a condition that can be placed on the TEN agreement.

If I can be of any further assistance to the Licensing sub-committee please let me know.

Kind regards

Jane

**Jane Williams**  
**Environmental Protection Team Leader**

**Community and Public Protection  
Dorset Council**



[dorsetcouncil.gov.uk](http://dorsetcouncil.gov.uk)



## Licensing

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**From:** Jane Williams  
**Sent:** 14 December 2022 09:58  
**To:** parviz [REDACTED]  
**Cc:** Licensing; [REDACTED] police [REDACTED]  
**Subject:** TEN - Chic - Objection

**Categories:** Kathryn

Good Morning Mr Parviz

Thank you for your notification. I note that you intend to have regulated entertainment beyond the premises licence until 04.30hrs on the 1<sup>st</sup> January. I would like to ensure that the conditions on that licence are attached to your TEN. This can only be undertaken through the hearing process. I am therefore objecting under the public nuisance objective to request this to occur.

Unfortunately the process is such that I can't just take your agreement to undertake those conditions – although it would be considered helpful to do so in the sub-committee hearing itself. It is of course not my decision but the committee's.

Kind regards  
Jane

**Jane Williams**  
**Environmental Protection Team Leader**  
**Community and Public Protection**  
**Dorset Council**

[REDACTED]  
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# Temporary Event Notice – Supplementary Information in Support of Representation

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## Chic, 3-5 Maiden Street, Weymouth

*This report is to be considered alongside the formal representation submitted in respect of a Temporary Event Notice submitted to the Licensing Authority by the applicant. It is the intention of Dorset Police to avoid any repeat of information previously submitted and to provide both the applicant (or their representative) and members of the Licensing Sub-Committee with additional information, context and evidence in support of the representation. This report is being completed and submitted as soon as practicable for the benefit of all parties. Whilst all details are correct at the time of completion, Dorset Police reserve the right to amend / introduce additional information and evidence in advance of the hearing.*

### **Background**

The Temporary Event Notice (TEN) is submitted for New Year's Eve at a premise known as Chic, previously known as Actor's, at 3-5 Maiden Street, Weymouth. The Notice is intended to enable the person serving the notice to extend the existing provisions of alcohol and regulated entertainment for 2 hours beyond the existing permitted hours and for the premises to close at 4.30am.

This premise was, in the past 12months, subject of an Expedited Application for a Review of Licensed Premises, instigated by Dorset Police and supported by Dorset Council following concerns of severe mismanagement, resulting in drug distribution and organised crime being linked to the premise. I have attached a copy of the determination following the hearing, which sets out, in detail, the reason for the revocation of the premises licence.

### **Concerns**

Whilst Dorset Police are consistently driven to supporting 'event' organisers and those operating in the hospitality industry, it is imperative that we ensure that we minimise any risk of disorder and safety concerns that might occur as a result of licensable activities.

Following the revocation of the Premises Licence in January 2022 and the subsequent Appeal, conditions were agreed between the Premises Licence Holder and Dorset Council prior to the Magistrates Appeal Hearing. These conditions were agreed in consultation with Dorset Police and were intended to ensure that there could be no repeat of the concerns that had led to the Review being necessary, whilst balancing the needs of the premises licence holder to operate a safe, viable business.

The submission of this TEN will potentially undermine the conditions that have proven effective in reducing the levels of demand associated with the premises since it has re-opened as 'Chic'. Dorset Police are concerned that any extension to the agreed conditions will risk undermining the licensing objectives and create additional demand at an already busy period for Weymouth Town Centre.

Furthermore, whilst the Premises Licence Holder submitting the TEN has undertaken to meet the conditions of the TEN, they are not legally enforceable unless the conditions are applied to the TEN by the members of the Licensing Sub-Committee.



## Available Outcomes to the Sub-Committee

To assist the members of the Licensing Sub-Committee, Dorset Police make the following submissions in relation to the available outcomes in respect of this Temporary Event Notice -

### **No Action Taken – Temporary Event Notice Permitted**

Dorset Police are concerned that if the TEN is granted, as applied, then the conditions of the Premises Licence will be disregarded by the Premises Licence Holder. We can evidence this concern from the correspondence that has been exchanged between the Premises Licence Holder and Dorset Police, suggesting that some of the conditions are 'unreasonable' despite being proposed by the Premises Licence Holder prior to the Magistrates Appeal Hearing.

Dorset Police invite the Sub-Committee not to permit the extension of the alcohol and late-night entertainment provision, as applied, under this TEN.

### **Existing Conditions Attached to TEN – Temporary Notice Permitted**

The existing conditions attached to the Premises Licence have been proposed and agreed between the Premises Licence Holder and Dorset Council, in consultation with Dorset Police.

The additional conditions, proposed prior to the Magistrates Appeal Hearing, have been determined as proportionate by all parties and all parties had equal opportunity to decline the conditions and proceed to the Magistrates Hearing for determination.

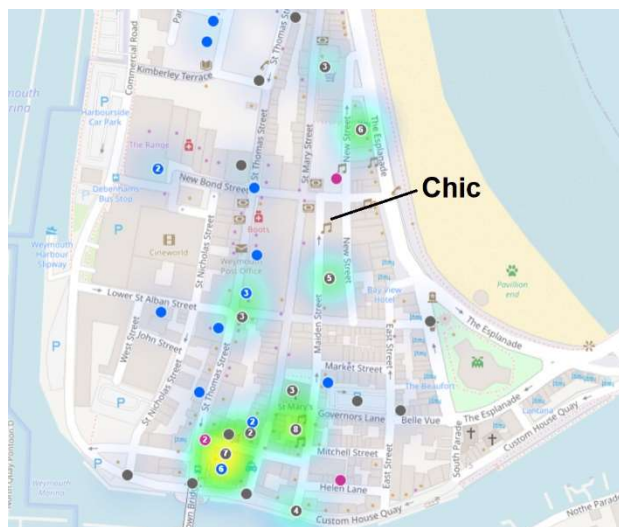
The applicant has since engaged the services of an external consultant to seek support for the removal of some of these conditions through an Application for a Minor Variation. Whilst any future 'variation' to the Premises Licence is not relevant to this TEN, the same report suggested that a series of TEN's be applied to 'trial' the Premises Licence Holder's ability to manage the premise effectively. The consultant recommended that these be completed prior to Christmas, presumably as their experience was that the festive season is a busy period for the hospitality industry and those supporting the licensed community, including the Police.

The previous TEN for Halloween was permitted on the basis that the existing conditions be applied to the TEN. This decision by the Sub-Committee was effective; in particular the condition to ensure that there is no entry/re-entry beyond 0130hrs.

Please note that the Premises Licence Holder and person serving this TEN have proposed a last entry of 0330hrs. A condition to reflect this proposal cannot be attached to the TEN (as it would be a 'new' condition) and Dorset Police are of the view that this extension to the entry/re-entry time would likely increase the risk of crime and disorder.

Dorset Police support the TEN subject to all conditions (allowing for the extension of the operating hours and the permitted hours for sale of alcohol and regulated entertainment) being attached to the TEN.

### **Counter Notice Issued – Event is not permitted take place**



It would be disproportionate to serve a counter-notice in the current circumstances, given that the existing conditions attached to the Premises Licence are having the desired effect of reducing levels of crime and disorder.

You will note from the graphic to the left, which includes data for all late-night ASB, crime and public safety incidents between **1<sup>st</sup> July 2022 and 1<sup>st</sup> December 2022**, that there have been no concerns with Chic since its reopening.

The 5 incidents of demand located to the South of Chic are associated with a separate property which we know to be unrelated to Chic or their customers.

In contrast, Dorset Police would like to remind the Sub-Committee of the levels of demand experienced at the same premise prior to the Application for Review, subsequent Revocation, and then re-opening with several agreed conditions and changes to the operating schedule for the business.



Dorset Police are determined that we do not return to this level of demand for one premise and invite the Sub-Committee to support our efforts by ensuring that we continue to have conditions that promote the licensing objectives and do not risk introducing additional demand for Dorset Police and our partners at this particularly challenging period.

### **Home Office Revised Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (April 2018)**

The Sub-Committee are reminded that Paragraph 2.1 of the Licensing Act 2003 Section 182 Guidance produced by the Home Office states that, “*Licensing authorities should look to the police as the main source of advice on crime and disorder*”. We believe that we have provided an evidence-based summary of our concerns above, as required by Paragraph 9.43 of the Section 182 Guidance, in support of our submission.

The Guidance on determining whether a TEN should be permitted is limited and states only the following relevant advice –

*7.35 - ....where the planned activities are likely to breach the statutory limits or undermine the licensing objectives, it is likely to be appropriate for the police or EHA to raise objections.*

Dorset Police have provided a detailed explanation of our concerns above. Dorset Police consider that to permit this TEN to take place, as applied, will likely undermine the Licensing Objectives.

The Guidance provides some further clarification where a premise wishes to extend the availability of their provision, as follows -

*7.36 - However, in most cases, where for example, alcohol is supplied away from licensed premises at a temporary bar under the control of a personal licence holder, (such as at weddings with a cash bar or small social or sporting events) this should not usually give rise to the use of these powers.*

Dorset Police are satisfied that the above does not apply given that the person serving the Notice is applying to extend the hours at a premise which is known to have experienced in the recent past and that, in our view, should have the conditions of the existing licence added to the TEN to mitigate against any risk of crime or disorder occurring. This additional *guidance* would therefore not apply.

### **Conclusion**

Dorset Police are of the view that this Notice, as applied, should be refused.

There is the option for the Licensing Sub-Committee to introduce conditions to be attached to this TEN that are currently attached to the existing Premises Licence and Dorset Police would support this option. This will ensure that Door Supervision, Incident Management, requirement for Qualified Personal Licence Holders and all other safeguarding measures expected of this Licensed Premises are delivered.

Whilst every TEN is assessed on its own merits, Dorset Police would also draw the attention of the Licensing Sub-Committee to the previous TEN for this premise, granted following a Sub-Committee hearing, which resulted in **ALL** conditions of the existing licence being applied to the TEN.

Whilst not strictly associated with this TEN, the Licensing Sub-Committee may be inclined to advise the person serving the TEN to submit an Application for a Premises Licence to enable them to extend their existing licensable activities. Each application is assessed upon its own merits and will undergo a formal assessment process, which *may* lead to a Premises Licence being granted with appropriate conditions attached that will assist the applicant to promote the Licensing Objectives and hopefully avoid future Sub-Committee hearings to assess the suitability of a Temporary Event Notice.

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## Licensing

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**From:** Gosling, Gareth <[REDACTED]>  
**Sent:** 09 December 2022 12:29  
**To:** Kathryn Miller; Licensing  
**Cc:** Gatehouse, Kirsty; [REDACTED] David.parr  
**Subject:** Dorset Police Representation - TEN - Chic  
**Attachments:** Decision Notice Actors Full Review Hearing 12 January 2022.docx; Application for Temporary Event Notice - Supplementary Details Supporting Representation - Chic Weymouth.docx

**Follow Up Flag:** Follow up  
**Flag Status:** Flagged

**Categories:** Kathryn

Good Afternoon Kathryn,

On behalf of the Chief Officer of Dorset Police I object to the Temporary Event Notice submitted by Parviz Marseh on behalf of Chic, 3-5 Maiden Street, Weymouth on the grounds that to permit this TEN to take place would likely undermine the Licensing Objective to Prevent Crime & Disorder.

The premise is currently licensed for the Sale of Alcohol and Regulated Entertainment and has a variety of conditions attached to ensure that the licensing objectives can be promoted. Dorset Police are concerned that one of these conditions, relating to the last entry/re-entry of customers, is seeking to be amended and that all other conditions, whilst undertaken to be adhered to, are unenforceable unless attached to the TEN by the Licensing Sub-Committee (*Paragraph 7.6 S.182 Licensing Act 2003 Guidance issued by the Home Office (2018)*).

I have attached a detailed report which sets out our concerns and recommendations for the attention of the Licensing Sub-Committee. I am happy to receive details of any queries from the Licensing Sub-Committee in advance of the hearing.

I will ensure that either myself or Kirsty Gatehouse is available at the Hearing to answer any queries or concerns that the members of the Sub-Committee might have for Dorset Police.

Regards,

Gareth



**DORSET  
POLICE**

**Gareth Gosling 2551**

Police Sergeant

Tel: 01202 222824 Internal: 752 2824

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**Drug & Alcohol Harm Reduction Team**

Bournemouth Divisional Headquarters, 5 Madeira Road, Bournemouth, Dorset, BH1 1QQ

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**From:** Licensing <[licensing@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk](mailto:licensing@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk)>

**Sent:** 08 December 2022 16:10

**To:** .Licensing <[Licensing@Dorset.PNN.Police.uk](mailto:Licensing@Dorset.PNN.Police.uk)>; ENV Health <[envhealth@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk](mailto:envhealth@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk)>

**Subject:** TEN

Please find attached a TEN for Chic for NYE.

If you have any comments please may I have them by 13 December 2022.

**Many thanks**

**Kathryn Miller**  
**Senior Licensing Officer**  
**Community and Public Protection**  
**Dorset Council**

01305 838028

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**Licensing Act 2003  
Premises Licence**
**WPPL0293**

## Part 1 - Premises Details

**POSTAL ADDRESS OF PREMISES, OR IF NONE, ORDNANCE SURVEY MAP REFERENCE OR DESCRIPTION**
**Chic Bar & Club**

3-5 Maiden Street, Weymouth, Dorset, DT4 8BB.

**WHERE THE LICENCE IS TIME LIMITED THE DATES**

Not applicable

**LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES AUTHORISED BY THE LICENCE**

- a performance of live music
- any playing of recorded music
- a performance of dance
- entertainment of a similar description to that falling within a performance of live music, any playing of recorded music or a performance of dance
- provision of late night refreshment
- the supply of alcohol

**THE TIMES THE LICENCE AUTHORISES THE CARRYING OUT OF LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES**

Activity (and Area if applicable)	Description	Time From	Time To
E. Performance of live music (Indoors)	Daily	11:00am	2:00am
F. Playing of recorded music (Indoors)	Daily	11:00am	2:00am
G. Performance of dance (Indoors)	Daily	11:00am	2:00am
H. Entertainment of a similar description to that falling within E, F, or G (Indoors)	Daily	11:00am	2:00am
I. Late night refreshment (Indoors)	Daily	11:00pm	2:00am
J. Supply of alcohol for consumption ON and OFF the premises	Daily	11:00am	2:00am

**THE OPENING HOURS OF THE PREMISES**

Description	Time From	Time To
Daily	11:00am	2:30am

**WHERE THE LICENCE AUTHORISES SUPPLIES OF ALCOHOL WHETHER THESE ARE ON AND / OR OFF SUPPLIES**

- J. Supply of alcohol for consumption ON and OFF the premises

## Part 2



**Licensing Act 2003**  
**Premises Licence**

**WPPL0293**

**NAME, (REGISTERED) ADDRESS, TELEPHONE NUMBER AND EMAIL (WHERE RELEVANT) OF HOLDER OF PREMISES LICENCE**

Parviz Panjalizadeh-Marseh  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

**REGISTERED NUMBER OF HOLDER, FOR EXAMPLE COMPANY NUMBER, CHARITY NUMBER (WHERE APPLICABLE)**

**NAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF DESIGNATED PREMISES SUPERVISOR OR MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE WHERE THE PREMISES LICENCE AUTHORIZES THE SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL**

Parviz PANJALIZADEH-MARSEH  
[REDACTED]

**PERSONAL LICENCE NUMBER AND ISSUING AUTHORITY OF PERSONAL LICENCE HELD BY DESIGNATED PREMISES SUPERVISOR WHERE THE PREMISES LICENCE AUTHORIZES FOR THE SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL**

Licence No. WPPA0669

Issued by Weymouth and Portland

**ANNEXES**

**ANNEX 1 - MANDATORY CONDITIONS**

**Supply of Alcohol (s19(2)&(3))**

1. No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence -
  - (a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor, or
  - (b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence has been suspendedEvery supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence

**Security (s21(a))**

2. Any individual carrying out a security activity must be authorised to carry out that activity by a licence granted under the Private Security Industry Act 2001 or be entitled to carry out that activity by virtue of section 4 of that Act.

**Drinks Promotions**

- 3
  - (1) The responsible person must ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises
  - (2) In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises-
    - (a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to-
      - (i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or
      - (ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise);
    - (b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic in a manner which carries a significant risk



## Licensing Act 2003 Premises Licence

# WPPL0293

### ANNEXES continued ...

- of undermining a licensing objective;
  - (c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;
  - (d) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner;
  - (e) dispensing alcohol directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of disability).
- 4. The responsible person must ensure that free potable water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.
- 5. (1) The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder must ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.  
(2) The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy.  
(3) The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either-
  - (a) a holographic mark, or
  - (b) an ultraviolet feature.
- 6. The responsible person must ensure that-
  - (a) where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures -
    - (i) beer or cider: ½ pint;
    - (ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25 ml or 35 ml; and
    - (iii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml;
  - (b) these measures are displayed in a menu, price list or other printed material which is available to customers on the premises; and
  - (c) where a customer does not in relation to a sale of alcohol specify the quantity of alcohol to be sold, the customer is made aware that these measures are available."

### Minimum Pricing

- 7. A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.
- 8. For the purposes of the condition set out in paragraph 7-
  - (a) "duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979
  - (b) "permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula-  $P=D+(D \times V)$ 
    - (i) P is the permitted price,
    - (ii) D is the amount of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of

## Licensing Act 2003 Premises Licence

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### ANNEXES continued ...

the sale or supply of the alcohol, and

(iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol;

(c) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence-

(i) the holder of the premises licence,

(ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or

(iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence;

(d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and

(e) "value added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994.

9. Where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 8 would (apart from this paragraph) not be a whole number of pennies, the price given by that sub- paragraph shall be taken to be the price actually given by that sub-paragraph rounded up to the nearest penny.

10. (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 8 on a day ("the first day") would be different from the permitted price on the next day ("the second day") as a result of a change to the rate of duty or value added tax.

(2) The permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day.

### ANNEX 3 - CONDITIONS ADDED AFTER A HEARING

#### Prevention of Crime and Disorder

##### 1. Entry and Re-Entry

1.1. There shall be no entry or re-entry to the premises after 01:30 hours.

1.2. Appropriate signage shall be clearly displayed at each exit from the premises advising patrons that re-entry to the premises after 01:30 hours is prohibited and that this prohibition also applies to people wishing to leave the premises to smoke.

##### 2. SIA

2.1. From 22:00 hours until one hour after the end of licensable activities there shall be a minimum of two SIA registered door supervisors at the front door. There shall be in addition a minimum of one further SIA registered door supervisor when the ground floor is in operation; and two further SIA registered door supervisors when the first floor is in operation.

2.2. The premises licence holder shall ensure that the following details for each door supervisor, are contemporaneously entered into a bound register kept for that purpose:

- Full name,
- SIA Certificate number and or badge number, or registration number of any accreditation scheme approved by the SIA.
- The time they began their duty

## Licensing Act 2003 Premises Licence

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### ANNEXES continued ...

- The time they completed their duty.

This register is to be kept at the premises at all times and shall be so maintained as to enable an authorised officer of the Licensing Authority or a constable to establish the particulars of all door stewards engaged at the premises during the period of not less than 28 days prior to the request and shall be open to inspection by authorised officers of the Licensing Authority or the Police upon request.

- 2.3. The premises licence holder shall ensure that all door supervisors on duty at the premises wear a current identification badge, issued by the Security Industry Authority or under any accreditation scheme recognised by the Security Industry Authority, in a conspicuous position to the front of their upper body.
- 2.4. All door supervisors shall be capable of communicating instantly with one another and a manager by way of radio or other simultaneous system of communication.
- 2.5. All door supervisors shall wear some form of high visibility clothing to clearly identify them as door supervisors, such as a jacket or waistcoat.
- 2.6. When door supervisors are required to undertake body searches, at least one female door supervisor is available to undertake the searches of female customers.

### 3. Searches

- 3.1. The premises licence holder shall ensure that a documented search policy is implemented at the premises. Any searches shall only be conducted by same sex. Staff training is to be given in the correct procedures and records are to be kept in a bound book. All documentation shall be produced to an authorised officer of the Licensing Authority or the Police upon request.
- 3.2. All persons to be searched from 22:00hrs.
- 3.3. Drugs and weapons seized will be placed in a locked receptacle set aside for this purpose. The means for securing or unlocking the receptacle will be retained by the premises licence holder or the designated premises supervisor or in their absence any other responsible person. A record shall be made of the seizure, the time, date and by whom, and to whom the items were handed on to in a bound book specifically kept for that purpose. Such a book to be produced to an authorised officer of the Licensing Authority or the Police upon request. The premises licence holder shall make suitable arrangements with the Police for the collection of any seized items.
- 3.4. Handheld metal detecting scanners shall be in use at the premises during all trading hours, other metal detecting scanners may be used such as fixed metal detectors at all entrances. Detectors shall be operated by door supervisors or by suitably trained staff when no door supervisors are on duty, and such detectors shall be operative when any licensable activity is taking place.
- 3.5. Where queuing is allowed outside of the premises door supervisors shall maintain an orderly queue of patrons.

### 4. Incident Register

The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that an "Incident report register" is kept in a bound book, in which full details of all incidents are recorded. This shall be completed as soon as possible and, in any case, no later than the close of business on the day of the incident. The time and date when the report was completed, and by whom, is to form part of the entry. The register is to be kept on the premises at all times and shall be produced to an authorised officer of the Licensing Authority or the Police when required.

### 5. Entry System

The premises shall install and maintain a computer-based identification entry system. The details of all persons, including staff

## Licensing Act 2003 Premises Licence

# WPPL0293

### ANNEXES continued ...

are to be passed through the system prior to being permitted entry to the premises. The provision and maintenance of such equipment shall be to the reasonable satisfaction of Dorset Police. The details of persons recorded by the system to be made available to police upon reasonable request for the provision of preventing and detecting crime. The operation of the ID system is to start at 20:00 hours.

#### 6. Staff Training

Comprehensive training and refresher programme for all staff working at the premises shall be implemented, an outline of the training and a record of the staff training shall be kept on the premises and available for inspection upon request by the licensing authority or the police. Each staff member to receive training every three months.

#### 7. Smoking

There shall be no patrons smoking to the front curtilage of the building.

#### 8. Policies

8.1 The premises shall maintain and keep up to date entry, ejection, search and dispersal policies. These are to be kept under regular review. The most up to date version to be kept on the premises and available for inspection upon request by the licensing authority or the police.

8.2 There shall be no security passes for admission other than those issued to bona fide staff and to statutory authorities.

#### 9. Offensive Performances

The premises shall be conducted at all times decently, soberly and in an orderly manner. No offensive or obscene performances shall be permitted.

#### 10. CCTV

10.1. A CCTV system shall be installed at the premises. The CCTV system shall be maintained in working condition and record the premises 24 hours every day. Recordings to be retained for a minimum of 31 days and be made available to the Police or officers of the Council upon request and be of evidential quality.

10.2. The equipment MUST have a suitable export method i.e. CD/DVD/USB facility so that the Police and officers of the Council can make an evidential copy of the data they require. This data should be in the native file format to ensure that no image quality is lost when making the copy. If this format is nonstandard (i.e. manufacturers proprietary), then the licence holder shall within 14 days of being requested supply the replay software to ensure that the video on the CD can be replayed by the Police and officers of the Council on a standard computer. Copies MUST be made available to the police and officers of the Council upon request as soon as practicably possible and in any event within 24 hours.

10.3. A member of staff with authority and knowledge to download CCTV requests should be on site during the designated hours.

10.4. Cameras on the entrances must capture full frame shots of the heads and shoulders of ALL people entering the premises, i.e. capable of identification.

10.5. There shall be signs displayed in the customer area to advise that CCTV is in operation.

10.6. Should the CCTV become non-functional this will be reported immediately to the Licensing Authority.

10.7 Where the Licensing Authority so directs in writing, video recording equipment shall be installed on the premises. The term "video recording equipment" shall mean cameras, video recorders, monitors and all associated equipment and

## Licensing Act 2003 Premises Licence

# WPPL0293

### ANNEXES continued ...

cabling which together are capable of making an effective video recording of images in the premises.

- (i) The number of cameras, and the areas in which activity is to be recorded by the cameras (which may include areas not forming part of the licensed premises) is to be determined by the Licensing Authority after representations made by the Dorset Police or any other recognised person or organisation. The video recording equipment must be of a type approved by the Licensing Authority in writing.
- (ii) The video recording equipment shall be maintained in good working order and condition at all times.
- (iii) The video recording equipment must be operated and effective recording made at all times that the premises are used for the purpose for which the licence is required.
- (iv) The recording made under Condition (iii) above should be kept on the premises for a continuous period of a continuous period of 31 days beginning on the day on which the recording was made.

10.8. A weekly register shall be maintained in a manner prescribed by the Licensing Authority in which shall be recorded the details of the video recording equipment, and its use, repair and maintenance. The register shall be made available to the Police and the Licensing Authority for inspection at all times and for a period of two years from the date on which the last entry was made in the register.

10.9 No item of video recording shall be replaced without the written consent of the Licensing Authority except in the case of emergency in which case the licensee shall inform the Licensing Authority in writing within 72 hours of the emergency first occurring.

#### 11. Personal Licence Holders

Two Personal Licence Holders are to be present at the premises at all times during licensing hours.

#### 12. Safety Glass

On the first floor all beverages (including alcoholic and non-alcoholic drinks) shall only be dispensed in polycarbonate, plastic, non-glass containers, or toughened or safety glass to the appropriate safety standard (in that they shall not produce sharp shards when broken). All glass bottles are to be retained behind the bar for safe disposal.

#### 13. Control of Numbers

Manual electronic number control systems shall be installed, used and maintained at the premises at all times the premises is open to the public.

#### 14. Payment

there shall be no payment made by or on behalf of the licence holder to any person for bringing customers to the premises.

#### 15. Taxis

The licence holder shall enter into an agreement with a hackney carriage and/or private carriage firm to provide transport for customers, with contact numbers made readily available to customers who will be encouraged to use such services.

## Licensing Act 2003 Premises Licence

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### ANNEXES continued ...

#### Public Safety

##### 16. Welfare

- 16.1. The premises shall provide a welfare room.
- 16.2. A currently qualified first aider must be employed on the premises at all times that the premises are open to the public.
- 16.3. The holder of the premises licence will ensure that:
  - (a) when disabled people are present on the premises, there are adequate arrangements to enable their safe evacuation in the event of an emergency;
  - (b) any disabled people on the premises are made aware of those arrangements.

##### 17. Capacity

The maximum number of people, including staff, permitted to be present on the premises during licensed hours shall be on the Ground Floor (dancing and seated) 200 and on the First Floor (dancing and seated) 240 the persons are to be so distributed and in such a manner that at no time shall the maximum number in the areas shown on the plan be exceeded or as notified to you from time to time in writing by the Dorset County Council as the Fire Authority.

##### 18. Fire Safety

- 18.1. All steps shall be taken as respect the structure and layout of the premises and the equipment provided therein to reduce danger to life from fire as in the opinion of the Fire Authority are reasonable having regard to the number of persons likely to use the premises.
- 18.2. No alterations or additions shall be made to the premises without prior notification of at least 21 days to the Fire Authority.

#### Prevention of Public Nuisance

##### 19. Doors and Windows

19.1. Each external door opening from the area covered by the Licence to the outside must be kept closed whilst music or any amplified sound is being played/produced. If the external doors are required for the entrance or exit of clients, there must be a lobby to prevent breakout of noise with at least one set of internal doors and at no time shall both the external and internal doors be open at the same time. No measures whatsoever, whether by pinning back, propping open or other means, are to be taken to keep either set of doors open.

19.2. All windows to the area where music is to be played must be acoustically doubled glazed and any opening lights must be kept locked shut whilst music or any other amplified sound is being played.

##### 20. Noise Limiter

- 20.1. The holder of the premises licence will ensure that the sound system installed on the premises is governed by a tamper-proof sound limiter set at an acceptable level to be agreed between a qualified acoustic engineer instructed by the licence holder, and who is acceptable to the licensing authority, and the Council's Environmental Health Officer and that the level of sound can only be adjusted by agreement between
- 20.2. The noise limiting device installed must control the power circuits used by both live musicians and also by any recorded

## Licensing Act 2003 Premises Licence

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### ANNEXES continued ...

music provided every time music is being played.

#### 21. Ventilation

A suitable and sufficient acoustically treated ventilation system must be provided to ensure sufficient ventilation to the premises and to obviate the need for the doors and windows to be propped open for ventilation purposes.

#### 22. Rear Entrance

- 22.1. The holder of the Premises Licence will ensure that regular patrols of the rear lobby area are carried out by staff in order to ensure that the outer door remains closed at all times (with the exception of emergency use).
- 22.2. The holder of the Premises Licence will ensure that a light emitting alarm system is installed and maintained so that staff are made aware of any unauthorised access or egress to the premises via the outer rear door and that staff respond quickly to close the door.
- 22.3. The holder of the Premises Licence will ensure that the rear lobby area is monitored by the CCTV system so that staff are made aware of any unauthorised access or egress to the premises via the outer rear door and that staff respond quickly to close the door.

### Protection of Children from Harm

#### 23. Underage Sales

- 23.1. The Licensee will adopt a "Challenge 25" policy where all customers who appear to be under the age of 25 and attempt to purchase alcohol or other age-restricted products are asked for proof of their age.
- 23.2. The Licensee to prominently display notices advising customers of the "Challenge 25" policy. The following proofs of age are the only ones to be accepted:
  - Proof of age cards bearing the "Pass" hologram symbol
  - UK Photo Driving licence
  - Passport
- 23.3. A till prompt system shall be installed to assist staff by reminding them to challenge for ID when a sale is made.

#### 24. Staff Competence and Training

- 24.1. The Licensee will keep a written record of all staff authorised to sell alcohol, the record to contain the full name, home address, date of birth and national insurance number of each person so authorised. The staff record to be kept on the licensed premises and made available for inspection by the Licensing Officer, Trading Standards or the Police.
- 24.2. The Licensee will ensure that each member of staff authorised to sell alcohol has received adequate training on the law with regard to age restricted products and that this has been properly documented and training records kept. The training record to be kept on the licensed premises and made available for inspection by the Licensing Officer, Trading Standards or the Police.
- 24.3. The Licensee will ensure that each member of staff authorised to sell alcohol is fully aware of his /her responsibilities in




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ANNEXES continued ...

relation to verifying a customer's age and is able to effectively question purchasers and check evidence of proof of age.

- 24.4 The Licensee will ensure that each member of staff authorised to sell alcohol is sufficiently capable and confident to confront and challenge under - 18s attempting to purchase alcohol.
25. Refusals Book:
- 25.1 The licence holder will keep a register of refused sales of all age- restricted products at the bar of each floor (Refusals Book).
- 25.2. The Refusals Book will contain details of time and date, description of the attempting purchaser, description of the age restricted products they attempted to purchase, reason why the sale was refused and the name/signature of the sales person refusing the sale.
- 25.3. The Refusals Book will be examined on a regular basis by the Licensee and date and time of each examination to be endorsed in the book.
- 25.4. The Refusals Book will be kept on the licensed premises and made available for inspection by the Licensing Officer, Trading Standards or the Police.



Business Licensing



**Licensing Act 2003**  
**Premises Licence Summary**

**WPPL0293**

Premises Details

**POSTAL ADDRESS OF PREMISES, OR IF NONE, ORDANCE SURVEY MAP REFERENCE OR DESCRIPTION**

**Chic Bar & Club**

3-5 Maiden Street, Weymouth, Dorset, DT4 8BB.

**WHERE THE LICENCE IS TIME LIMITED THE DATES**

Not applicable

**LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES AUTHORISED BY THE LICENCE**

- a performance of live music
- any playing of recorded music
- a performance of dance
- entertainment of a similar description to that falling within a performance of live music, any playing of recorded music or a performance of dance
- provision of late night refreshment
- the supply of alcohol

**THE TIMES THE LICENCE AUTHORISES THE CARRYING OUT OF LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES**

Activity (and Area if applicable)	Description	Time From	Time To
E. Performance of live music (Indoors)	Daily	11:00am	2:00am
F. Playing of recorded music (Indoors)	Daily	11:00am	2:00am
G. Performance of dance (Indoors)	Daily	11:00am	2:00am
H. Entertainment of a similar description to that falling within E, F, or G (Indoors)	Daily	11:00am	2:00am
I. Late night refreshment (Indoors)	Daily	11:00pm	2:00am
J. Supply of alcohol for consumption ON and OFF the premises	Daily	11:00am	2:00am

**THE OPENING HOURS OF THE PREMISES**

Description	Time From	Time To
Daily	11:00am	2:30am

**WHERE THE LICENCE AUTHORISES SUPPLIES OF ALCOHOL WHETHER THESE ARE ON AND / OR OFF SUPPLIES**

- J. Supply of alcohol for consumption ON and OFF the premises

**NAME, (REGISTERED) ADDRESS OF HOLDER OF PREMISES LICENCE**

Parviz Panjalizadeh-Marseh  
[REDACTED]

**Licensing Act 2003**  
**Premises Licence Summary**

**WPPL0293**

REGISTERED NUMBER OF HOLDER, FOR EXAMPLE COMPANY NUMBER, CHARITY NUMBER (WHERE APPLICABLE)
NAME OF DESIGNATED PREMISES SUPERVISOR OR MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE WHERE THE PREMISES LICENCE AUTHORISES THE SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL
Parviz PANJALIZADEH-MARSEH
STATE WHETHER ACCESS TO THE PREMISES BY CHILDREN IS RESTRICTED OR PROHIBITED
RESTRICTED.